MA/MSCMT-10

December - Examination 2019

M.A./M.Sc. (Final) Mathematics Examination Mathematical Programming Paper - MA/MSCMT-10

Time: 3 Hours [Max. Marks: - 80

Note: The question paper is divided into three sections A, B and C. Write answers as per given instructions.

Use of non-programmable scientific calculator / simple calculator allowed in this paper.

Section - A

 $8 \times 2 = 16$

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Answer **all** questions. As per the nature of the question delimit your answer in one word, one sentence or maximum upto 30 words. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. i. Define hyperplane.
 - ii. What is the importance of integer programming problem?
 - iii. Define positive definate matric.
 - iv. What do you mean by relative minimum?
 - v. Write difference between convex programming problem and non-linear programming problem.

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- vi. Define convex separable programming problem.
- vii. State Bellman's principle of optimality
- viii. Define quadratic programming problem.

(Short Answer Questions)

Note: Answer **any four** questions. Each answer should not exceed 200 words. Each question carries 8 marks.

- 2. Prove the $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ is strictly convex for x > 0 and strictly concave for x < 0.
- 3. Solve the following integer programming problem by branch and bound algorithm.

min z =
$$2x_1 + 6x_2$$

s.t. $3x_1 + x_2 \le 5$
 $4x_1 + 4x_2 \le 9$
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ and are integers.

4. Find the dimensions of a rectangular parallelopiped with largest volume to be inscribed in ellipsoid.

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

5. Solve the following non-linear programming problem graphically.

$$\max f(x_1, x_2) = x_1 + 2x_2$$
s.t. $x_1^2 + x_2^2 \le 1$

$$2x_1 + x_2 \le 2$$

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

6. Derive the dual of quadratic programming problem.

$$\min f(X) = C^{T}X + \frac{1}{2} X^{T}GX$$
s.t. $AX > b$

Where A is an $m \times n$ real matrix and G is an $n \times n$ real positive semidefinite asymmetric matrix.

- 7. Divide a quantity 'b' into n parts in such a way that their product is maximum.
- 8. Solve following linear programming problem by dynamic programming.

$$\max z = 3x_1 + 7x_2$$
s.t. $x_1 + 4x_2 \le 8$
 $x_2 \le 8$
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$

9. use Kuhn - Tucker conditions to solve the following non - linear programming problem.

$$\max f(x) = 8x - x^3$$
s.t. $x \le 3$
 $x > 0$

 $2 \times 16 = 32$

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Answer **any two** questions. You have to delimit your each answer maximum upto 500 words. Each question carries 16 marks.

10. Solve the following linear programming problem by revised simplex method.

$$\max z = 2x_1 + x_2$$
$$3x_1 + 4x_2 \le 6$$
$$6x_1 + x_2 \le 3$$
$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

11. Solve the following integer programming problem.

max
$$z = 2x_1 + 10x_2 - 10x_3$$

s.t. $2x_1 + 20x_2 + 4x_3 \le 15$
 $6x_1 + 20x_2 + 4x_3 = 20$
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$ and are integers.

12. Solve the following quadratic programming problem by Beak's method.

$$\max f(x_1, x_2) = 2x_1 + 3x_2 - 2x_1^2$$
s.t. $x_1 + 4x_2 \le 4$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \le 2$$

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

13. Solve the following convex separable programming problem.

min z =
$$x_1^2 - 2x_1 - x_2$$

s.t. $2x_1^2 + 3x_2^2 \le 6$
and $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$